

Write  $u_{xx} = -|u_{xx}|$ ,  $u_{yy} = -|u_{yy}|$ . Then  $y^2 u_{xx} + x^2 u_{yy} + 2xy u_{xy} = -y^2 |u_{xx}| - x^2 |u_{yy}| + 2xy u_{xy}$  and

$$-y^2 |u_{xx}| - x^2 |u_{yy}| + 2xy u_{xy} < -y^2 |u_{xx}| - x^2 |u_{yy}| + 2xy \sqrt{|u_{xx}| |u_{yy}|} = -(y \sqrt{|u_{xx}|} - x \sqrt{|u_{yy}|})^2$$

so that again  $y^2 u_{xx} + x^2 u_{yy} + 2xy u_{xy}$  is negative. This is in contradiction with  $f > 0$  so that the maximum must be in the boundary. Now, for  $f \geq 0$  we can do as before, and consider  $v(x, y) = u(x, y) + \frac{\epsilon}{4}(x^2 + y^2)$ . In this case

$$y^2 v_{xx} + x^2 v_{yy} + 2xy v_{xy} = f + \epsilon \tag{30}$$

and we can proceed exactly as before.